

Design of efficient co-electrolyser systems for CO₂ reduction in gas phaseA. Pătru¹, T. Binninger¹, B. Pribyl¹, T. Schmidt^{1*}¹Electrochemistry laboratory, Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland

The electrochemical CO₂ reduction reaction (CO₂RR) is a complex reaction which must be carried out in a highly selective and efficient manner. Many efforts are being taken to develop catalysts with improved reaction selectivity and efficiency and significant progress has been made in this area of research [1]. However, CO₂RR kinetics, product identification and quantification are mostly carried out in half-cell configurations using liquid electrolytes. This fundamental approach of studying CO₂RR is limited by the low solubility of CO₂ in water, the maximum CO₂ reduction current reported in the literature is in the range of 0.01- 0.02 A/cm² [2]. In order to overcome the solubility problem and to reach higher operating current densities, CO₂ reduction can be carried out in a co-electrolysis system where pure or diluted gaseous CO₂ is used. Our research efforts were focused on the design of an electrochemical cell for co-electrolysis operating at high-current densities with good product selectivity.

The experiments were conducted in a membrane electrolyzer-like configuration setup. Various gold type cathode electrode materials were tested and the reaction pH was controlled by using different type of commercial ionic exchange membranes. The reaction products were analysed by on-line mass spectroscopy. The co-electrolyser performance and the selectivities of the various membrane electrode assemblies are examined in detail.

Acknowledgements

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[2] J. Durst, A. Rudnev, A. Dutta, Y. Fu, J. Herranz, V. Kaliginedi, A. Kuzume, A.A. Permyakova, Y. Paratcha, P. Broekmann, T.J. Schmidt, *Chimia* **2015**, 12, 69.